**Part 6: Use your notes to fill in the chart. Correctly identify each physical feature that is important to the River Valley Civilizations and Early Civilizations we have studied. Page numbers are for your Green Textbook. The number of items that should be in each box is noted for you; make sure you list each feature, describe its location in the civilization and/or tell its importance. Some features (like the Mediterranean Sea) can be repeated. Also, you should refer to your vocabulary notes and maps in your unit notebooks (and/or maps online). If you need more space, copy and fill in entire chart on notebook paper.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Egypt A 30-31** | **Mesopotamia A32/34 look at modern-day Iraq, Iran, Turkey, Saudi Arabia** | **China A32-33** **(this is completed as an example; copy it)** | **India A 32/34** | **Greece A27/29** | **Rome A26/28** |
| **Rivers** | **1** | **2** | **2**  **Yangtze- longest in Asia, flows through E. China; used for trade**  **Huang He- flows from the Kunlun Mtns to the Yellow Sea; used to fertilize land** | **2** | **none** | **2** |
| **Mountains** | **none** | **1** | **1** **Himalayas- separates China from India and caused trade to be difficult between the two** | **1** | **1** | **2** |
| **Seas** | **2** | **4** | **3**  **South China, Yellow, and East China- all on eastern coast and used for trade** | **1** | **3** | **4** |
| **Deserts** | **2** | **none** | **1 Gobi- in the north; where the Great Wall was built to protect from Mongolian invaders** | **1**  **Thar (not in textbook; look up on Chromebook)** | **none** | **none** |